

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 15-Jun-2010

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Revision Number 8

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Cat No. : Cyclopropylzinc bromide, 0.5M solution in THF 432820000; 432820500

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225) Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases Category 2 (H225) Health hazards Category 2 (H261)

Acute oral toxicity Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 4 (H302) Category 1 B (H314) Category 1 (H318)

Cyclopropylzinc bromide, 0.5M solution in THF

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- EUH014 Reacts violently with water

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P231 + P232 - Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

2.3. Other hazards

Reacts violently with water

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	90.4	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Category 2 (H351) Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Cyclopropylzinc bromide, 0.5M solution in THF

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

			STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) (EUH019)
Cyclopropylzinc bromide	126403-68-7	9.6	Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Water React. 2 (H261)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Tetrahydrofuran	Acute Tox. 4 :: C>82.5%	-	-
	Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=25%		
	STOT SE 3 :: C>=25%		

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.
Inhalation	If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
	Causes hurse by all expecting routes. Symptoms of everypesure may be headache

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Cyclopropylzinc bromide, 0.5M solution in THF

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons Water.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Cyclopropane, Zinc, Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Hydrogen bromide.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from water or moist air. Keep refrigerated. Store under an inert atmosphere. Shelf life 12 months. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Cla Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 4.3

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Tetrahydrofuran	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (90.4)				DNEL = 12.6mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (90.4)	DNEL = 300mg/m ³	DNEL = 96mg/m ³	DNEL = 150mg/m ³	DNEL = 72.4mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

ſ	Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment	Microorganisms in sewage treatment	,
F	Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 4.32mg/L	PNEC = 23.3mg/kg		PNEC = 2.13mg/kg
L	109-99-9 (90.4)		sediment dw		soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
	PNEC = 0.432mg/L	PNEC = 2.33mg/kg		PNEC = 67mg/kg	
109-99-9 (90.4)		sediment dw		food	

8.2. Exposure controls

Cyclopropylzinc bromide, 0.5M solution in THF

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye ProtectionGoggles (European standard - EN 166)	
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Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Butyl rubber	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Neoprene gloves				
Skin and body prot	ection Long sle	eved clothing.		

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance		
Odor	No information available	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
Melting Point/Range	No data available	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	No information available	
Flammability (liquid)	Highly flammable	(
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	l
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Flash Point	-17 °C / 1.4 °F	I
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	

On basis of test data Liquid

Method - No information available

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Cyclopropylzinc bromide, 0.5M solution in THF

pH	No information available		
Viscosity Water Solubility	No data available		
Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents	Reacts violently with water No information available		
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate			
Component	log Pow		
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45		
Vapor Pressure	No data available		
Density / Specific Gravity	0.969		
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid	
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)	
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)		
9.2. Other information			
Explosive Properties	Vapors may form explosive mixtures	with air	
Substances/mixtures which, in	Emitted gas ignites spontaneously		
contact with water, emit flammable	Gas(es) = Cyclopropane		
gases			
SI	ECTION 10: STABILITY AND	REACTIVITY	
10.1. Reactivity	Reactive Hazard; Yes		
	Reactive Hazard, res		
10.2 Chamical stability			
10.2. Chemical Stability	10.2. Chemical stability Water reactive. Reacts violently with water, liberating extremely flammable gases. May form		
explosive peroxides.			
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	ions_		
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not or	ccur.	
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.		
	5		
10.4. Conditions to avoid			
		Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and	
	sources of ignition. Exposure to moist	air or water.	
10.5 Incompatible meterials			
10.5. Incompatible materials	Acids Acid chlorides Chloroformates	. Alcohols. Peroxides. Strong bases. Oxidizing agent.	
		. Alconois, i elonides, otiony bases, onidizing agent.	
	_		
10.6. Hazardous decomposition pro		la (CO) Carbon diavida (CO) Undragon bromida	

Cyclopropane. Zinc. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Hydrogen bromide.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;Category 4OralCategory 4DermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat)1 h
			53.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratoryNo data availableSkinNo data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising
109-99-9 (90.4)	OECD Test Guideline 429		_

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 (90.4)	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	-
	OECD Test Guideline 473		
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	-

(f) carcinogenicity;

Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahydrofuran				Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm
109-99-9 (90.4)		2 Generation	

(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3
Results / Target organs	Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available
Target Organs	No information available.
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting. Causes central nervous system depression.

Cyclopropylzinc bromide, 0.5M solution in THF

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is available.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l	
	Pimephales promelas	EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h	
	Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820	_	
	mg/L/48h		

12.2. Persistence and degradability	No information available
Persistence	Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.
Degradability	Reacts with water.
Degradation in sewage	Reacts violently with water.
treatment plant	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely; Product does not bioaccumulate due to reaction with water

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Reacts violently with water . Is not likely mobile in the environment.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Reacts violently with water.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties **Endocrine Disruptor Information**

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated
-	-	Substances
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical	

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant **Ozone Depletion Potential**

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

15.1. Waste d'eatment methods	13.1.	Waste	treatment	methods
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Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

ADR.14.1. UN number Technical Shipping Name Technical Shipping Name Technical Shipping Name 14.3. Transport hazard Class(es) Subsidiary Hazard Class 1.1UN3399 NGGAONDETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide 4.3 3 1.1IATAUN3399 Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide 4.3 3 1.1IATAUN3399 Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide 4.3 3 1.3IA.1. UN number 1.4.1. Packing groupUN3399 Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide 1.3. Transport hazard Class(es) 3 1.1IA.5. Environmental hazards Lide Special precautions for user UN ospecial precautions required.No hazards identified Not applicable, packaged goodsIA.5. Transport in bulk according to IMO instrumentsNot applicable, packaged goods	<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3399 ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide 4.3 3 II	
14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping NameORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Hazard Class4.3 3 114.4. Packing groupIIIATAUN3399 Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Hazard ClassUN3399 Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Hazard ClassJ.14.4. Packing groupII14.5. Environmental hazardsNo hazards identified14.6. Special precautions for userNo special precautions required.14.7. Maritime transport in bulkNot applicable, packaged goods	ADR		
14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Hazard Class 14.4. Packing groupUN3399 Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide 4.3 3 II14.5. Environmental hazards 14.6. Special precautions for userNo hazards identified No special precautions required.14.7. Maritime transport in bulkNot applicable, packaged goods	14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Hazard Class	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide 4.3 3	
14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Hazard Class Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable 14.4. Packing group II 14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified 14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required. 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods	IATA_		
14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required. 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods	14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Hazard Class	Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable Tetrahydrofuran, Cyclopropylzinc bromide 4.3 3	
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods	14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified	
	14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.	
		Not applicable, packaged goods	

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	-	-	Х	Х	KE-33454	Х	Х
Cyclopropylzinc bromide	126403-68-7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Cyclopropylzinc bromide	126403-68-7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyclopropylzinc bromide, 0.5M solution in THF

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Cyclopropylzinc bromide	126403-68-7	-	-	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
Cyclopropylzinc bromide	126403-68-7	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Tetrahydrofuran	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Tetrahydrofuran	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)		Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9(90.4)		Group I	

Cyclopropylzinc bromide, 0.5M solution in THF

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

- H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- EUH019 May form explosive peroxides
- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory al DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	 TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:Physical hazardsOn basis of test dataHealth HazardsCalculation methodEnvironmental hazardsCalculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date	15-Jun-2010
Revision Date	09-Feb-2024
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as

Cyclopropylzinc bromide, 0.5M solution in THF

amended.

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet