

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 06-Jul-2010 Revision Date 27-Feb-2024 **Revision Number 4** 

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

**Product Description:** Hydrofluoric acid, 48-51%

Cat No.: 33258

**Synonyms** Hydrofluoric acid solution; Fluohydric acid; Fluoric acid

**Molecular Formula** ΗF

**Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)** HHJ3-Y5SP-9X0U-Y43T

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Laboratory chemicals. **Recommended Use** No Information available Uses advised against

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

**Poison Centre - Emergency** 

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) information services 01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

**Physical hazards** 

#### Hydrofluoric acid, 48-51%

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Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal Category 1 (H290)

#### **Health hazards**

Acute oral toxicityCategory 2 (H300)Acute dermal toxicityCategory 1 (H310)Acute Inhalation Toxicity - VaporsCategory 2 (H330)Skin Corrosion/IrritationCategory 1 A (H314)Serious Eye Damage/Eye IrritationCategory 1 (H318)

#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H300 + H310 + H330 - Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

### **Precautionary Statements**

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	50	-
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	EEC No. 231-634-8	50	Met. Corr. 1 (H290)
				Acute Tox. 2 (H300)
				Acute Tox. 1 (H310)

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		Acute Tox. 2 (H330)
		Skin Corr. 1A (H314)
		Eye Dam. 1 (H318)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Hydrogen fluoride	Skin Corr. 1A :: C>=7% Skin Corr. 1B :: 1%<=C<7% Eye Irrit. 2 :: 0.1%<=C<1%	-	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Immediate and specialised first aid and medical treatment is required. Speed is of the

essence. Flush with plenty of water immediately. Continue flushing during transport to

hospital or medical center.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required. Dermal burns may be treated with calcium gluconate gel or slurry in water or glycerine. This compound binds the active fluorides in an insoluble form and limits burn extension and pain. Soaking or immersion with iced 0.13% Benzalkonium chloride solution may be used for skin burns and should be continued until the pain is relieved. Do

not use in eyes.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

**Inhalation** If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim

ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh

air. Immediate medical attention is required. A nebulized solution of 2.5% Calcium

gluconate may be administered with Oxygen by inhalation.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician This product contains hydrogen fluoride. Generous a

This product contains hydrogen fluoride. Generous application of calcium gluconate gel to the affected skin may be indicated. For dermal exposure, the use of 2.5-33% calcium gluconate or carbonate gel or slurry has been recommended. The gel is either placed into a surgical glove into which the affected extremity is then placed or applied directly on the burn. This compound binds with the active fluorides in an insoluble form and limits burn extension and pain. Calcium chloride should not be used. Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Hydrofluoric acid, 48-51%

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Do not store in metal containers.

**Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510** Class 6.1B **Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)** 

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

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Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Hydrogen fluoride	STEL: 3 ppm 15 min	TWA: 1.8 ppm (8h)	TWA: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	STEL: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 1.8 ppm 8 hr. F
	TWA: 1.8 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 3 ppm (15min)	STEL: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	TWA: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min)	STEL: 3 ppm 15 min
			Skin

#### **Biological limit values**

List source(s):

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Oral)	Acute effects systemic (Oral)	Chronic effects local (Oral)	Chronic effects systemic (Oral)
Hydrogen fluoride 7664-39-3 (50)		0.01 mg/kg/ bw/day		0.01 mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Hydrogen fluoride 7664-39-3 ( 50 )	DNEL = 2.5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 2.5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 1.5µg/m³	DNEL = 1.5mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in sewage treatment	Soil (Agriculture)
Hydrogen fluoride	PNEC = 0.9mg/L	Sediment		PNEC = 51mg/L	PNEC = 11mg/kg
7664-39-3 ( 50 )	,				soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Hydrogen fluoride 7664-39-3 ( 50 )	PNEC = 0.9mg/L				

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

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**Eve Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 - 0.7 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Neoprene	> 480 minutes	0.55 mm		Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Nitrile rubber	< 60 minutes	0.38 mm		·
PVC	< 120 minutes			

**Skin and body protection** Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Particulates filter conforming to EN 143

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

Liquid

Method - No information available

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When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless Odor pungent

Odor ThresholdNo data availableMelting Point/Range-35 °C / -31 °FSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/Range105 °C / 221 °FFlammability (liquid)No data availableFlammability (solid,gas)Not applicable

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point No information available

Autoignition Temperature No data available Decomposition Temperature No data available

**pH** < 1.0

Viscosity No data available

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Hydrogen fluoride -1.4

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Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 1.15-1.20

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density2.21(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaH FMolecular Weight20

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Hazardous Reactions**Corrosive to metals. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Metals. Cyanides. Sulfides. Bases. Fluorine.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF).

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 2
Dermal Category 1
Inhalation Category 2

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Water	-	-	-
Hydrogen fluoride	-	-	LC50 = 0.79 mg/L (Rat) 1 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 A

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available

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No data available Skin

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

No data available (f) carcinogenicity;

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

No data available (g) reproductive toxicity;

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

No information available. **Target Organs** 

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes

severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** 

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Hydrogen fluoride	LC50 = 660 mg/L, 48h (Leuciscus idus)	EC50 = 270 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia species)	

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available, Miscible with **Persistence** 

Degradability Not relevant for inorganic substances.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Hydrogen fluoride	-1.4	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

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12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before

discharge.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN1790

14.2. UN proper shipping name HYDROFLUORIC ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
14.4. Packing group II

ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN1790

14.2. UN proper shipping name HYDROFLUORIC ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
14.4. Packing group II

<u>IATA</u>

**14.1. UN number** UN1790

14.2. UN proper shipping name HYDROFLUORIC ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)8Subsidiary Hazard Class6.114.4. Packing groupII

**14.5. Environmental hazards**No hazards identified

**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required.

**14.7. Maritime transport in bulk** Not applicable, packaged goods

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#### according to IMO instruments

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	-	-	Х	X	KE-35400	X	-
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	231-634-8	-	-	Х	Х	KE-20198	X	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Water	7732-18-5	Х	ACTIVE	X	Ī	X	Χ	X
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Water	7732-18-5	-	-	-
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

	Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Ī	Water	7732-18-5	Not applicable	Not applicable
Ī	Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

#### **WGK Classification** Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class	
Hydrogen fluoride	WGK2		

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Hydrogen fluoride	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 32

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Hydrogen fluoride Prohibited and Restricted			
7664-39-3 ( 50 )	Substances		

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H300 - Fatal if swallowed

H310 - Fatal in contact with skin

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

TWA - Time Weighted Average

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

## Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

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Physical hazards
Health Hazards
Calculation method
Environmental hazards
Cn basis of test data
Calculation method

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

**Creation Date** 06-Jul-2010 **Revision Date** 27-Feb-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

# This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

**Disclaimer** 

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**